With it. I'm not saying I disagree with it.

I'm sort of agnostic. I could frame it a

different way. You know, I could say that if

they acquire this package, it would be a

bootstrap to larger distribution. Many cable

networks have done that very thing, one of

which is Versus, right, with the NHL.

So, you know, it's a double-edged sword, and so I think the person writing this had a point of view and maybe, you know, knowledge of a certain set of facts that he or she was trying to communicate. I don't have all of that, so I can only say I'm sort of agnostic.

Q Let me see if I can hack some of the things you said just now in your answer. Did you say that Versus used hockey to increase its distribution?

A Well, I don't know whether it increased its distribution, but I think it uses it as a way of maybe sustaining

distribution, perhaps it increased
distribution. But, you know, certainly it's
a way of trying to take the channel to the
next level. If that's not the best example,
you know, there's others.

And it's a way of creating brand value, so NHL Network is created by NHL, and now they have a new asset -- Yes Sports

Network. The Yankees go out and create a sports network that turns out to be more valuable than the team.

So, you know, distribution is not -- history tells us here that distribution is not necessarily a barrier to building an asset value. And so I don't -- you know, I can't -- I don't know the context this person is speaking in.

Q Okay. Fair enough. I want to -
JUDGE SIPPEL: Wait a minute, wait
a minute. Whoa, whoa, whoa. You say
distribution may not necessarily add value?

THE WITNESS: No. What I was

saying, Your Honor, is the distribution, a lack of distribution, a shortfall in distribution, versus a competitor. So if you've got two entities, two networks, one has 100 customers and the other only has 50, all right, so the implication that — the interpretation here is that it's going to be harder for Tennis Channel to acquire this programming, because they only have the 50 customers and someone else might have 100. Okay?

And I'm saying that's not necessarily true, that the 50-customer network, in this case Tennis Channel, may have a way of acquiring that programming, nonetheless. Maybe they overpay. Maybe they get in bed with, in partnership with, the rights holder. There is a lot of ways of doing this to use that programming to build value for them.

And so what I was saying is you take other sports rights that have been

licensed at times to a lesser distributed channel with fewer subscribers, or no subscribers, and they have used that to build the value. And my examples were -- so NHL Network licensed its hockey package to Versus.

Well, Versus had less customers
than ESPN did at the time. So if this was a
necessarily a black and white barrier, why
would they do that? Well, probably there's a
lot of reasons they did it, but one of them is
that maybe Versus paid more money and made
some commitments to partnering and
sponsorship, and so forth.

And you know what? It seems to have worked out just great, because hockey has never been more popular. Over the years, the ratings have jumped, and now Versus found itself in the position of demanding more money for its rights. So, in a way, Versus created a Frankenstein for itself, right?

Luckily, Versus went and renewed that package. You know, they beat out -- I

don't even know all the players -- I think

Fox, ESPN, and so forth. So this is -- I have
seen this dynamic happen in the industry a

number of times, where the rights are -- from
a rights holder may go to somebody with fewer
subscribers, because that entity has a way of
making it work or, you know, attempting to
make it work.

And so that's a long-winded explanation to my reticence to simply agree with the statement here that this is a con, you know, a negative for Tennis Channel as presented on this piece of paper.

JUDGE SIPPEL: Now, okay. And, again, this is page 9 of Exhibit --

MR. SCHMIDT: Page 10, Your Honor.

JUDGE SIPPEL: Page 10 of Exhibit 40. Before I lose my thought here, but you used -- also used the Yankees as an example.

Now, is there a limited distribution of the Yankee -- I mean, probably there is, because anybody that wants to get it is going to have

because they decided -- they felt that they

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could build an asset, they could build their own channel. Right? They'll take some hits.

Let's say that Madison Square

Garden was paying them \$50 million a year in rights fees, probably not a bad number. So they might take a hit, they're not going to get that \$50 million for a year or two years or three, or whatever.

But in the long term they will come out with an asset, which was called Yes Network, right, that is more valuable. And so that's what I -- why I referenced the Yankees.

JUDGE SIPPEL: But they get the value of the asset. That's what I'm a little bit confused on. They don't have the distribution, but they have to get distribution in order for it to become profitable.

THE WITNESS: Absolutely. They have to now go start knocking on the doors of the cable and satellite companies and convincing them. In their case -- these are

not dumb people -- they know it's arguably the most valuable sports franchise in America, and, you know, may be the most in demand, certainly New York City area. And so they know that they have the distributors in a tough position.

JUDGE SIPPEL: Okay. Now,

applying that -- you have a parallel situation

on exactly, of course, with Comcast, because

Comcast has an ownership right -- I guess

ownership interest in the Philadelphia Flyers.

So, I mean, in terms of the hockey connection, they would have a leg up, wouldn't they, in terms of -- I mean, as long as they could meet the financial end of it, of course, but, I mean, they've got -- when the NHL meets, they've got to vote on who is going to get what, or they have a platform at least to sell their product, if nothing else.

THE WITNESS: A platform in the form of what?

JUDGE SIPPEL: Well, they have the

board meeting trying to convince the hockey
league that they should buy on to Versus.

THE WITNESS: Oh, okay. Okay. So if I understand you, what you're asking me is that the Flyers have the ability to speak to the NHL about licensing NHL rights to Comcast, to Versus.

JUDGE SIPPEL: Correct. I'm sorry, Versus. Yes, correct.

THE WITNESS: I really -- I don't know how that works. I don't know the Philadelphia Flyers. I don't know how much of it Comcast owns or controls. I don't know what role the Philadelphia Flyers have in the NHL Network, and --

JUDGE SIPPEL: You've got a lot of dynamics.

THE WITNESS: Yes. And remember now, the rights that Versus had on the NHL package are national games, right? So we are watching -- well, not necessarily watching the Flyers. Every now and then it might be the

Page 1695 1 Flyers, but --2 JUDGE SIPPEL: Oh, I understand 3 that. 4 THE WITNESS: Yes. 5 JUDGE SIPPEL: I'm just saying it 6 gives a platform to make the pitch. 7 THE WITNESS: Right, yes. 8 JUDGE SIPPEL: And owners kind of 9 just -- you know, they come up with one of 10 those supposedly. 11 THE WITNESS: I don't know. 12 know these are big businesses, and, you know, 13 the -- the owners and the league I'm sure is 14 in it to maximize their profits at all times. 15 And so that's what they're going to do. 16 JUDGE SIPPEL: I got the idea that 17 -- the impression -- maybe you all can help me 18 on the Comcast side -- that Versus was not --19 was majority owned anyway by Comcast, if not 20 100 percent. 21 MR. TOSCANO: In 2009, it was 22 wholly owned by Comcast.

	Page 1696
1	JUDGE SIPPEL: Okay. Well, okay,
2	I guess I've taken enough of your time. Go to
3	it.
4	MR. SCHMIDT: Absolutely, Your
5	Honor.
6	BY MR. SCHMIDT:
7	Q Let's finish up with Exhibit 40,
8	page 10. Just so I understand it, this is a
9	Comcast document, correct?
10	JUDGE SIPPEL: This is called
11	Tennis Channel Exhibit 40?
12	THE WITNESS: Yes. This is a
13	Comcast programming document on cable, but
14	Versus is it seems to be from Versus.
15	BY MR. SCHMIDT:
16	Q Yes, it's a Versus document.
17	Versus is owned by Comcast, right?
18	A Yes.
19	Q And it's Versus talking about
20	Tennis Channel and Versus saying, "Tennis
21	Channel has distribution issues," correct?
22	A It's Versus talking about Tennis

certain programming rights because of limited

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	Page 169
1	distribution?
2	A I did see that, yes.
3	Q Including the French Open
4	programming rights, some of the most valuable
5	tennis programming rights there are, correct?
6	A I don't specifically remember that
7	one, but I'm not going to disagree with you on
8	that.
9	Q Do you have any reason to disagree
10	with Mr. Solomon on those factual statements
11	that Tennis Channel has faced challenges in
12	its ability to secure programming rights
13	because of its distribution?
14	A I have no reason to doubt what he
15	says.
16	Q Let me just very quickly show you
17	a document that speaks to this issue.
18	May I approach, Your Honor?
19	JUDGE SIPPEL: Please do.
20	MR. SCHMIDT: This is in evidence.

It's Tennis Channel Exhibit 178. And this is

pretty confidential, but I don't think there

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	Page 1699
1	is any well, actually, I'm sorry, I'm going
2	to have to ask the
3	JUDGE SIPPEL: Do we have to
4	excuse
5	MR. SCHMIDT: Comcast gentleman
6	to leave. I apologize. Do you mind just
7	stepping out for a minute?
8	JUDGE SIPPEL: That was
9	MR. SCHMIDT: Oh, you have? I'm
10	sorry. Then, I apologize. I apologize.
11	JUDGE SIPPEL: Whoever isn't on
12	yes, whoever isn't on the this is the
13	gentleman in the back.
14	MR. SCHMIDT: Yes, this is our
15	document, so
16	JUDGE SIPPEL: It's okay for me to
17	stay, isn't it?
18	(Laughter.)
19	THE WITNESS: Can I leave?
20	(Laughter.)
21	BY MR. SCHMIDT:
22	Q This is a licensing agreement.

Page 1700 1 I'm not going to ask you much about it, so 2 please look at it as much as you want, but 3 I'll be pretty quick with it. 4 Α Okay. Okay. Why don't we -- it's 5 long, so --6 0 Yes. 7 -- jump right into it. 8 Okay. So we know from the first page that this is a licensing agreement 9 10 between the U.S. Open and -- I'm sorry, it's 11 a licensing agreement between the U.S. Tennis 12 Association, the U.S. Open series, and The 13 Tennis Channel. Do you see that there in the first paragraph? 14 15 Α I do. And it's so that Tennis Channel 16 17 can carry U.S. Open series tournaments, do you see that in that second whereas clause? 18 19 Α Yes. 20 Okay. The part I want to ask you 0 about is at the bottom of page 5. 21 22 Α Okay. All right.

Is that uncommon, that content

BY MR. SCHMIDT:

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providers will only provide content or valuable content to networks when they reach certain thresholds for viewership?

A Again, as I said earlier, I don't have experience with that. I really can't say.

Q Okay. You're not able to say one way or the other how much more content Tennis Channel could secure if it had broader distribution?

A I'm not.

Q Okay. But would you agree with me that -- I think you alluded to this in one of your answers a few minutes ago -- that probably the single biggest thing that Tennis Channel could do to improve itself as a channel would be to secure valuable programming like the programming discussed in Exhibit 178.

A Let me say it differently. I think if Tennis Channel could secure, you know, later round matches for any of the grand

slam events, it would help them leverage distribution partners, cable and satellite, for greater distribution.

Now, is it the single most important thing they could do? I don't know the answer to that, because they could do other things as well that may be more important. But would it be significant? Yes.

your answer. Would it be a significant -- if
The Tennis Channel really wanted to go out and
improve itself, would one significant step it
could take be to secure more valuable
programming rights like the programming
discussed in that paragraph we were looking at
in Exhibit 178?

A Yes, I believe so.

Q Okay. And do you have any reason to disagree with the suggestion that Tennis Channel has been impaired in its ability to get that programming because of its distribution level?

A Again, I will stop agreeing with
you there, and simply say I don't know. And
I have seen other examples where distributors
have -- oh, distributors -- licensors have
licensed sports programming to entities with
lesser or no subscribers. And so it's not a
stop sign.

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Q I don't want to put you on the spot with this question, but could you tell us how many years of experience you have had in the cable business?

A I have been in the cable business since 1978.

Q Okay. So about 33 years, okay.

A I was 12 when I started.

(Laughter)

Q So stipulated. Have you ever had, in your experience in the cable industry, a network come to you and say -- and demand a certain level of carriage from you, so that they could meet obligations to their content providers to deliver a certain level of

BY MR. SCHMIDT:

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Q It contains some, but not all, of the same language as the one we were just looking at, Exhibit 40. So I'm just going to focus on this, and hopefully go through it very quickly.

And the first question I'm going to ask you about -- well, tell me when you have had a second to look at it.

A Okay. Shoot.

Q Exhibit 41 is another one of these Versus documents looking at whether they should try to secure U.S. Open rights, correct?

A Yes.

Q Have you seen this one before?

A I have not.

JUDGE SIPPEL: Is this -- are the dates important? This is July 2007. I'm not sure if the date is that significant, but -
MR. SCHMIDT: It's about a week after Exhibit 40, I believe. Yes, exactly one

week after Exhibit 40.

Page 1707 JUDGE SIPPEL: 1 Yes. 2 BY MR. SCHMIDT: What I would like to direct your 3 0 4 attention to is page 8 of this document titled 5 U.S. Open Opportunity. And it comments on the 6 U.S. Open being the only premier event in the sports landscape until 2013. Do you see that? 7 8 I do. Α 9 Q Do you agree with Versus that the 10 U.S. Open is a premier event? 11 Α I do. 12 Q It then discusses some of the 13 language we have looked at before, so I'm 14 going to skip over that. The second bullet 15 under there says, "Helps to continue branding 16 the network as a must-watch station for sports 17 fans." Do you see that? 18 Α I do. 19 Do you agree with Versus that the 20 U.S. Open would help continue branding the 21 network as a must-watch station for sports

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fans?

I think it's an inflated 1 Α 2 statement. I would say that it is a tent pole event that has significant value if the 3 matches are the later round matches that are, 4 5 you know, most -- highest profiled. 6 think his statement or her statement here, you 7 know, may go a little beyond the panel. 8 You would disagree with it on 9 emphasis? I would, yes. 10 Okay. They state at the end of 11 this in this bold-faced language, "Provides a 12 13 distribution hedge against Versus' failure to 14 renew NHL." Do you see that? 15 I do. Α Were you aware that Comcast or 16 Versus was looking at securing tennis content 17 so that it could serve against a hedge in the 18 19 event -- a distribution hedge in the event 20 Versus failed to renew the NHL? 21 Α Again, my --22 My question is just, were you

1 aware of that?

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A Yes. Again, my role here was to look at the actions of Comcast Cable in relation to how they treated Tennis Channel and to address Mr. Brooks' arguments of substantial similarity in programming and audience. So I didn't look at what Versus' programming network was presenting internally.

Q Okay. So was that something you were not aware of?

A I was not aware.

Q Let's jump ahead to page 18.

JUDGE SIPPEL: What is a "tent

pole event"?

THE WITNESS: A tent pole event is a name -- you might hear marquis programming event.

JUDGE SIPPEL: If you had said "marquis," I would have known. But I never heard "tent pole event."

THE WITNESS: Very similar

meaning, as I understand it. I think it comes

Page 1710 1 from --2 JUDGE SIPPEL: Circus? 3 THE WITNESS: -- as was explained to me a little earlier, is that it's a tent 4 5 pole to hold up the tent. And so, you know, 6 we can -- if we get this tent pole event, we can put other things under it, under -- in our 7 8 tent. 9 MR. SCHMIDT: Believe it or not, Your Honor, I looked it up last night on the 10 internet, and the only answer I found was a 11 12 Wikipedia entry. And it said exactly that, it's from the circus. 13 14 JUDGE SIPPEL: Well, you are going 15 to be in charge of the glossary. 16 (Laughter.) I'm so glad that --17 MR. SCHMIDT: I will define "tent 18 19 pole event" in the glossary. 20 JUDGE SIPPEL: -- you took the 21 trouble to look it up. But that does make a 22 lot of sense. Thank you.